

Safety Data Sheet

PRIMER SN /A

Safety Data Sheet dated: 25/10/2019 - version 1



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: PRIMER SN /A

Trade code: 900215

Registration Number N/A

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: Primer

Uses advised against: N.A.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: MAPEI S.p.A. - Via Cafiero, 22 - 20158 Milano

Tel: +39-02-376731

Fax: +39-02-37673.214

Responsible: sicurezza@mapei.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Poison Centre - Ospedale di Niguarda - Milan - Tel. +39/02/66101029

MAPEI S.p.A. - Tel. +(39)02376731 - (office hours)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Aquatic Chronic 2 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Pictograms and Signal Words



Warning

Hazard statements:

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P391 Collect spillage.

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208 Contains 4-morpholinecarbaldehyde. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH205 Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

bisphenol F - epoxy resin

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT/vPvB Ingredients are present

Other Hazards: No other hazards

This preparation contains low molecular weight epoxy resins. Cross sensitisation to other epoxies is possible. Avoid also exposure to spray mist and vapour.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: PRIMER SN /A

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Quantity	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥25 - <50 %	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	CAS:25068-38-6 EC:500-033-5 Index:603-074-00-8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119456619-26-xxxx
≥5 - <10 %	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	CAS:68609-97-2 EC:271-846-8 Index:603-103-00-4	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119485289-22-XXXX
≥5 - <10 %	bisphenol F - epoxy resin	CAS:9003-36-5 EC:500-006-8	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1A, H317; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119454392-40-XXXX
≥0.1 - <0.25 %	4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	CAS:4394-85-8 EC:224-518-3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-2119987993-12-XXXX

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and the hazard label.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye irritation

Eye damages

Skin Irritation

Erythema

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

(see paragraph 4.1)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Limit leakages with earth or sand.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contaminated clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

List of components with OEL value

Component	OEL Type	Country	Ceiling	Long Term mg/m ³	Long Term ppm	Short Term mg/m ³	Short Term ppm	Behaviour	Note
reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	National	BULGARIA		1,0					

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Component	CAS-No.	PNEC LIMIT	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	25068-38-6	0,006	Fresh Water		
		0,0006	Marine water		
		0,0627	Freshwater sediments		
		0,00627	Marine water sediments		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	68609-97-2	0,00072	Marine water		
		0,0072	Fresh Water		
		66,77	Freshwater sediments		
		6,677	Marine water sediments		
		80,12	Soil		
		10 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
bisphenol F - epoxy resin	9003-36-5	10 mg/l	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		
		0,003	Fresh Water		
		0,294	Freshwater sediments		
		0,0003	Marine water		
		0,0294	Marine water sediments		
		0,237	Soil		
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8	0,5	Fresh Water		
		0,05	Marine water		
		1,85	Freshwater sediments		
		0,0764	Marine water sediments		
		5 mg/l	Intermittent release		
		2000	Microorganisms in sewage treatments		

Derived No Effect Level. (DNEL)

Component	CAS-No.	Worker Industry	Worker Professional	Consumer	Exposure Route	Exposure Frequency	Remark
reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	25068-38-6	8,3	mg/kg		Human Dermal		Short Term, systemic effects
					Human Inhalation		Short Term, systemic effects
					Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
					Human Inhalation		Long Term, systemic effects
					Human Dermal	3,571 mg/kg	Short Term, systemic effects
					Human Oral	0,75 mg/kg	Short Term, systemic effects
					Human Dermal	3,571 mg/kg	Long Term, systemic effects
4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	4394-85-8			8 mg/kg	Human Dermal		Long Term, systemic effects
			98 mg/m3	29 mg/m3	Human Inhalation		Long Term, systemic effects
				8 mg/kg	Human Oral		Long Term, systemic effects

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Polychloroprene - CR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness $\geq 0,35\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Butyl rubber - IIR: thickness $\geq 0,5\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Fluorinated rubber - FKM: thickness $\geq 0,4\text{mm}$; breakthrough time $\geq 480\text{min}$.

Neoprene gloves are suggested (0,5 mm) not recommended gloves: not waterproof gloves

Respiratory protection:

Personal Protective Equipment should comply with relevant CE standards (as EN 374 for gloves and EN 166 for goggles), correctly maintained and stored. Consult the supplier to check the suitability of equipment against specific chemicals and for user information.

In case of insufficient ventilation use mask with ABEKP filters (EN 14387).

Hygienic and Technical measures

N.A.

Appropriate engineering controls:

N.A.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Appearance and colour: liquid yellow

Odour: characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: 11.00

Melting point / freezing point: 0 °C (32 °F)

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 200 °C (392 °F)

Flash point: 93,3 °C (199,9 °F)

Evaporation rate: N.A.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: N.A.

Vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Relative density: 1.00 g/cm³

Solubility in water: partly soluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A. - This product is a mixture

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A. - No explosive or spontaneous ignition in contact with air at room temperature

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Viscosity: 150.00 cPs

Explosive properties: N.A. - No components with explosive properties

Oxidizing properties: N.A. - No component with oxidizing properties

Solid/gas flammability: N.A.

9.2. Other information

No additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the mixture:

There is no toxicological data available on the mixture. Consider the individual concentration of each component to assess toxicological effects resulting from exposure to the mixture.

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

reaction product: bisphenol-A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 15000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 23000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 11400 mg/kg
	i) STOT-repeated exposure	NOAEL Oral Rat = 50 mg/kg
		NOAEL Skin Rat = 100 mg/kg
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 3987 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat = 17100 mg/kg
bisphenol F - epoxy resin	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 10000 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LD50 Oral Rat > 2 g/kg

i) STOT-repeated exposure NOAEL Oral = 250 mg/kg

4-morpholinecarbaldehyde a) acute toxicity LD50 Oral Rat > 7360 mg/kg
LD50 Skin Rabbit > 18400 mg/kg
LD50 Oral Rat = 6500 µL/kg

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2015/830 listed below must be considered as N.A.

- a) acute toxicity
- b) skin corrosion/irritation
- c) serious eye damage/irritation
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation
- e) germ cell mutagenicity
- f) carcinogenicity
- g) reproductive toxicity
- h) STOT-single exposure
- k) Toxicological kinetics, metabolism and distribution information
- i) STOT-repeated exposure
- j) aspiration hazard

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

List of components with eco-toxicological properties

Quantity	Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Infos
>=25 - <50 %	reaction product: bisphenol-A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <= 700)	CAS: 25068-38-6 - EINECS: 500-033-5 - INDEX: 603-074-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 2 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 1,8 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae > 11 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia = 1,3 mg/L 96 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia = 0,3 mg/L
>=5 - <10 %	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	CAS: 68609-97-2 - EINECS: 271-846-8 - INDEX: 603-103-00-4	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 7,20000 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae = 844,00000 mg/L 72 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 1800,00000 mg/L 96
>=5 - <10 %	bisphenol F - epoxy resin	CAS: 9003-36-5 - EINECS: 500-006-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Fish = 2,54 mg/L 96
>=0.1 - <0.25 %	4-morpholinecarbaldehyde	CAS: 4394-85-8 - EINECS: 224-518-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia = 2,55 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish > 500 mg/L 96 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia > 500 mg/L 48 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae 23880 mg/L 72

12.2. Persistence and degradability

N.A.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

N.A.

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT/vPvB Ingredients are present

12.6. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

3082

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IATA-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

IMDG-Technical name: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (epoxy resins)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: 9

IATA-Class: 9

IMDG-Class: 9

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: III

IATA-Packing group: III

IMDG-Packing group: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: Yes

Environmental Pollutant: Yes

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: 9

ADR-Hazard identification number: 90

ADR-Special Provisions: 274 335 375 601

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): 3 (-)

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: 964

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: 964

IATA-Label: 9

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: -

IATA-Erg: 9L

IATA-Special Provisions: A97 A158 A197

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: Category A

IMDG-Stowage Note: -

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: -

IMDG-Special Provisions: 274 335 969

IMDG-EMS: F-A, S-F

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

VOC (2004/42/EC) : 60 (A+B) g/l

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1	Lower-tier threshold (tonnes)	Upper-tier threshold (tonnes)
Products belongs to category E2	200	500

German Water Hazard Class.

N.A.

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: None

SVHC Substances:

No Data Available

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1-1A-1B	Skin Sens. 1,1A,1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1,1A,1B
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008

Classification	Classification procedure
3.2/2	Calculation method
3.3/2	Calculation method
3.4.2/1A	Calculation method
4.1/C2	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This SDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
BCF: Biological Concentration Factor
BEI: Biological Exposure Index
BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CAV: Poison Center
CE: European Community
CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
VOC: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.